Homework Assignment 4

Solve the following problems without electronic aid. All answers must be justified, and intermediate steps should be provided to an appropriate extent.

- a) Let V be the complex vector space $\mathbb{C}^{2\times 4}$ consisting of 2×4 matrices with complex coefficients. Does V have a complex subspace of dimension 9?
- b) Let W be spanned by the following vectors in \mathbb{R}^4 :

$$\mathbf{v}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 2\\-2\\0\\4 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{v}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 3\\4\\5\\0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \text{and} \quad \mathbf{v}_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\-7\\-5\\6 \end{bmatrix}$$

Provide a basis for W and compute $\dim_{\mathbb{R}}(W)$.

c) Let $L: \mathbb{C}^3 \to \mathbb{C}^2$ be defined as follows:

$$L\left(\left[\begin{array}{c}v_1\\v_2\\v_3\end{array}\right]\right) = \left[\begin{array}{ccc}1&2&3\\0&1&1\end{array}\right] \cdot \left[\begin{array}{c}v_1\\v_2\\v_3\end{array}\right], \quad v_1, v_2, v_3 \in \mathbb{C}$$

We are given the following ordered bases

$$\beta = \left(\begin{bmatrix} 2\\1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1\\1 \end{bmatrix} \right) \text{ for } \mathbb{C}^2 \text{ and } \gamma = \left(\begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0\\1\\1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0\\0\\1 \end{bmatrix} \right) \text{ for } \mathbb{C}^3.$$

Determine the mapping matrix $_{\beta}[L]_{\gamma}$.

d) We are given the following matrix:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 3}.$$

Determine the eigenvalues of the matrix as well as bases for the corresponding eigenspaces. Can the matrix be diagonalized? If not, explain why not. If yes, specify a matrix \mathbf{Q} and a diagonal matrix $\mathbf{\Lambda}$ such that $\mathbf{Q}^{-1} \cdot \mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{Q} = \mathbf{\Lambda}$.

e) 1. Let V denote the real vector space $\mathbb{R}^{2\times 2}$ consisting of 2×2 matrices with real coefficients. The following ordered basis is chosen for V:

$$\beta = \left(\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \right)$$

We are given a linear map $M:V\to V$ defined by

$$M(\mathbf{A}) = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 6 \\ 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \mathbf{A}, \quad \mathbf{A} \in V.$$

Determine the mapping matrix $_{\beta}[M]_{\beta}$.

2. Calculate the dimensions of the vector spaces $\ker(M)$ and $\operatorname{image}(M)$. Hint: the mapping matrix $_{\beta}[M]_{\beta}$ can be of use here.

Your solution is to be uploaded as a pdf to the course's **DTU Learn module** under "Assignments". The deadline is **Saturday November 30 at 23:55**.